

Contraception Quiz

TRUE

FALSE

ANSWER

1 The contraceptive pill protects against STIs (sexually transmitted infections)

2 Lipstick can damage condoms

3 If a condom splits during sex a woman has 24 hours to take emergency oral contraception ('the morning after pill')

4 A condom can hold 14 pints of water

5 Condoms and femidoms if used correctly and consistently are the only form of contraceptive that will protect you against STIs, HIV/AIDS and unintended pregnancies?

6 When condoms first appeared in the 1700s they were made of animal gut

7 If you have diarrhoea &/or sickness you should take extra precautions as the pill may not be effective

8 The contraceptive implant can move around in the body and cause problems

9 The injection, implant and coil are all 99% effective

10 The only way to stop any chance of getting pregnant or catching an STI is to not have sex at all



Monday, 13 December 2021

What are the different forms of contraception and how do Christians respond to the use of them?

Marriage and the Family

I know how to describe the different forms of contraception and how they function

I know how to evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of the different types of contraception

I know how to explain how a Christian would respond to the different forms of contraception and why

Using your OWN knowledge and the QR codes complete the grid sheet answering the following questions for each form of contraception.

Who can use it?

How do you use it?

How protective is this method?

How long does it last?

Does it protect you from some STI's and HIV? How?

List some of the major Pros of this kind of contraception.

(try to list at two three)

List some of the major Cons of this kind of contraception.

(try to list at two three)

Number the reasons for using contraception in order of importance with 1 being most important and 10 being least important.

Consider themselves too young or too old to have a baby	Don't want to pass on a genetically inherited disease/condition
Want to plan when they have a baby	Don't feel they could cope with a child financially or emotionally
Want to avoid sexually transmitted infections	Don't want to give up their lifestyle
Pregnancy would be harmful to the mother	Have enough children already
Are not in a stable relationship	Don't want to be responsible for a new life

Do you think the reasons people have for using contraception might have any influence on religious views on the use of contraception?

Think about the ways that contraception works...
Do you think this will influence religious views on the use of contraception?

Which SOWA challenges the use of contraception?



Create a table
Protestant Catholics

Research all their arguments regarding contraception

“Christians shouldn’t use contraception”

For	Against
Some Christians could argue that contraception's intervene with God’s plan, God is omniscient, all knowing ‘his understanding is infinite’ and therefore knows when it is the right time for a couple to receive the miracle of life.	It could be argued that humans have the right to dictate their own future. If they do not wish to have a family then they have the right to use contraception to prevent this from happening and this is why they were gifted with free will.
The most logical argument is... because...	

What is the strongest of the two arguments and why?

Using the peal paragraph we have formed, create your own conclusion.

Myth Buster Put a Cross through all the Myths

A girl can become pregnant, the first time she has sex	A girl can become pregnant even if she has sex standing up	<i>Keeping your eyes closed stops you getting pregnant</i>
<i>You can't get pregnant on a boat</i>	A girl can become pregnant, even if she has sex during her period	A girl can become pregnant even if a boy pulls out (or withdraws) before he comes
<i>If you jump up and down after sex you can't get pregnant</i>	<i>You can't get pregnant if you drink a lot of milk</i>	<i>A boy is only fertile if his testicles feel cold</i>