

Overview:

Following the Munich Putsch, the Nazi party were struggling to gain enough votes to become a large political party. As a result, they reorganised their party and convince as many people to vote for them as possible instead of trying to take power by force.

Key events:

Date	Event
16 th Feb 1925	Re..... Pa.....
1926	Ban..... C.....
1929	100,000 m..... in the N..... P.....
Oct 1929	W..... S..... C.....

Key words

Word	Definition
M.....	
K.....	
Na.....	
So.....	
T.....	
Gau.....	
Gaue	
Goe.....	
Str.....	
SA	
SS	
Stre.....	
Hin.....	

Source J

A confidential report on the Nazis by the Interior Ministry, July 1927.

A numerically insignificant... radical-revolutionary splinter group incapable of exerting any noticeable influence on the great mass of the people and the course of political events.

Source H

A NSDAP campaign poster from 1924. It emphasises Nazi principles of family, work and nationalism.



Key Focus- Source interpretation

What can you learn from Source H about Nazi values?

- | | |
|--|-------------|
| Family | Work |
| Everyone equal | Nationalism |
| Germany should work with other countries | |

How far do you agree with Source J?

Clue: Numerically insignificant= small party

Bamberg Conference

Add as much detail as you can

What happened?

Germany split into 35..... The leaders were called G.....

Strasser.....

Goebbels.....

Hitler now controlled the

Socialist part

Nationalist part

SA

Add as much detail as you can

Who were they?

What happened?

SS

Add as much detail as you can

Who were they?

What happened?



Limited support

Reasons for limited support for the Nazis

1)

2)

3)

4)



Limited support