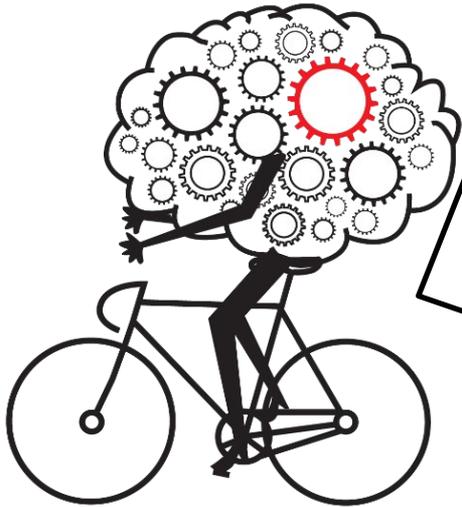


# Remote Learning Lesson

- You need to answer each question. Follow on from the sentence starters.
- Anything you research must be put into your own words **DO NOT COPY AND PASTE FROM THE INTERNET!**
- Once you have completed all the tasks you need to save your work with your name

# Brain in Gear: Quick 6!



1 What are two aims of punishment?

2 Name all 4 family types.

3 What does Islam teach about pacifism, why?

4 What is the impact of terrorism on society?

5 Why is Medina the holiest place for Muslims?

6 What did Jesus predict before he was crucified?

# We are starting a new topic of Crime & Punishment

## RE – Year 10 – Crime & Punishment

Lesson	Learning Focus	Recommended Reading
1	Islam & After Life	<a href="#">Junk - Melvin Burgess</a>
2	The Night of Power	<a href="#">Monster - Walter Dean Myers</a>
3	Causes of Crime	<a href="#">Les Misérables - Victor Hugo</a>
4	Aims of Punishment	<a href="#">One Day In The Life of Ivan Denisovich - Alexander Solzhenitsyn</a>
5	Effectiveness of Prison	
6	Fair Treatment of Criminals	
7	Justice	
8	Reconciliation and Forgiveness	
9	Capital Punishment	
10	<b>Assessment</b>	

This is an outline of the lessons we are going to cover.

Your recommended reading are books that can support your learning in this topic. **GUARANTEED** Head Of Year Certificate if read!!

### Keyword

Please tick the box for each word that best represents your knowledge and understanding of it.

A = I have never seen the word before.

B = I have heard and seen it, but I am unaware of the meaning.

C = I understand the word and sometimes use it.

D = I can use the word confidently and can explain it's meaning to others.

Word	A	B	C	D
Retribution				
Reform				
Deterrence				
Protection				
Reconciliation				
Capital Punishment				
Reoffending				
Compassionate				
Sin				
Crime				
Compensation				

Here are some of the key vocabulary we will be looking at this topic.

Complete according to your understanding!

# Islam & Life After Death

4	Must: Understand what Muslims believe about life after death.
5	Should: Understand what Muslims believe about life after death and why they believe in it.
6	Could: Understand what Muslims believe about life after death, why they believe in it, and how it affects their life.
7	Even better if: Understand what Muslims believe about life after death, why they believe in it, and how it affects their life – referring to al-Quadr and human freedom

To understand why Muslims believe in life after death.



# *“All criminals deserve to go to hell”*

	For	Against	Conclusion
Point	<p>Someone may agree with this statement because...</p> <p>A Muslim/Christian may agree with this statement because...</p> <p>A (denomination) Muslim/Christian may agree with this statement because...</p> <p>It could be strongly argued that...</p>	<p>Someone may disagree with this statement because...</p> <p>A Muslim/Christian may disagree with this statement because...</p> <p>A (denomination) Muslim/Christian may disagree with this statement because...</p> <p>It could be strongly argued that...</p>	<p>In conclusion...</p> <p>It would seem that...</p> <p>Overall, the strongest argument is...</p> <p>In conclusion, the evidence suggests...</p>
Evidence	<p>The evidence shows that...</p> <p>In the Bible/Qur'an...</p> <p>Jesus/Muhammad taught...</p> <p>In church/the mosque...</p>		<div style="border: 2px solid green; border-radius: 20px; padding: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>Key Vocabulary</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Atheist</li> <li>• Theist</li> <li>• Omnipotent</li> <li>• Omniscient</li> <li>• Omnibenevolent</li> <li>• Omnipresent</li> <li>• Heaven</li> <li>• Forgiveness</li> <li>• Merciful</li> <li>• Sin</li> <li>• Moral evil</li> </ul> </div>
Argument Against	<p>However...</p> <p>In contrast...</p> <p>On the other hand...</p> <p>It could be argued that...</p> <p>This could be challenged...</p> <p>This argument can be significantly weakened...</p> <p>A (denomination) would argue that...</p>		
Link Back to Quote	<p>As a result...</p> <p>This therefore suggests that...</p> <p>This supports the statement...</p> <p>This disproves the statement...</p>		

# Akirah- Muslim ideas about life after death

Muslims believe the body remains in the grave until Judgement Day



## 3. Barzak

## Judgement Day

Resurrection of the  
Body



“That day all men  
shall be sorted out”  
70:14

But some Muslims  
believe only the  
worst will go to Hell

## 4. The Assirat Bridge



“True servants of God shall be  
well provided for, feasting on fruit  
and honoured in the garden”



“The fire will scorch  
their faces and they will  
writhe in anguish”  
22:101

Muhammad said:

*“When a person dies, the angels say  
‘What has he sent in advance?’  
But humans say, ‘What has he left  
behind?’”*

What do you think Muhammad meant?



*What do Muslims believe Life After  
Death is like?*

## In your books (using your help sheet)...

1. Write yourself a glossary of all the following terms: *Akhirah, Al' Jannah, Hadith, Surah, Jahannam, Barzak.*
2. What do you think the answers are to each of the questions on section 2?
3. Choose one of the quotes from the sheet, write it down and explain what you think it means.
4. *"Allah is ever knowing and wise, he admits who he wills in to his mercy, but the wrongdoers – he has prepared a painful punishment"*  
**Surah 76: 30-31 – what does this quote mean?**

### Extension Tasks:

1. In which direction do you think the body will be buried?
2. What do Muslims believe should happen to the body after someone has died? (Clue below)
3. Why do they believe this?



# Why Muslims believe this...

Fill in the missing words on your worksheet.

## Why Muslims believe in Life After Death

- It is the teaching of the \_\_\_\_\_, which Muslims believe is the word of God, and so must be true.
- It was the teaching of \_\_\_\_\_ and must be true because he was the perfect \_\_\_\_\_.
- It is one of the \_\_\_\_\_ beliefs that all Muslims must believe.
- Muslims believe this life is a \_\_\_\_\_ from God, and life as a test only makes sense if there is a life after death where those who \_\_\_\_\_ can be rewarded.
- Belief in life after death gives this life \_\_\_\_\_ and purpose, IE - to live a good Muslim life so eternity is spent in \_\_\_\_\_.

Meaning      Heaven      Pass      Muhammad

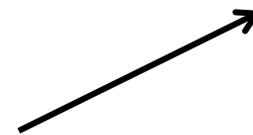
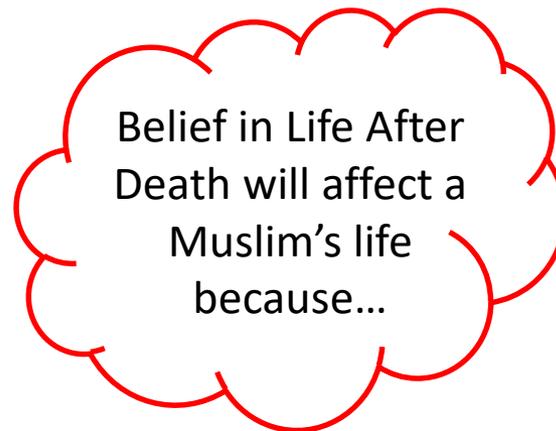
Qur'an      Example      Six      Test



# Extension: How this belief affects a Muslim's life...

Muslims believe that life is a test (preparation for the next life) - without a reward or punishment at the end, it would not make sense. Allah is omniscient, and knows what everyone thinks/says/does, therefore on judgement day, Muslims must be accountable for all of these things.

Considering the information above, and thinking of everything you have learnt about Muslim values and teachings, think of as many ways in which this belief will affect a Muslims life.



EG: They will bring their children up as good Muslims

# Read the information about al-Qadr and answer the questions underneath.

- Everything on the universe is following a divine plan.
- The entire universe is under Allah's control and direction – therefore nothing can take place without him ordaining it.
- There is no such thing as a random or chance event.
- Everything is known – even the number of hairs on your head.
- Everything that happens is an expression of Allah's will, and has purpose and meaning.
- Allah alone is the source of benefit or harm, and to turn to anything else for protection or help is futile.
- Throughout the Qur'an there are references to the way in which things happened in the lives of the prophets which they did not understand at the time, but later came to see as a part of Allah's plan for their lives.
- If Allah is omnipotent (all powerful) and nothing happens without his permission then does that mean that he is responsible for evil – free will – akhirah – judgement. You can't be judged and punished/rewarded if you are not responsible for your actions.
- Allah knows what people will do before they do them (al-qadr) but it is up to a person's free will to decide whether to do what Allah wants or not.
- The whole point of sending messengers from Allah is to allow humans to use their free will. The whole point of human life is a test, which would be totally pointless if Allah has pre-determined human choices.
- If we cannot understand how al-qadr fits in with free will, this is because we are far from being like Allah and therefore cannot expect to understand all of Allah's ways.

**Insh'allah – god willing!**

What do you think “God willing” means?

Do you think everything happens for a reason?

How would al-qadr affect a Muslim's everyday life? (Think about crime & punishment)

How might a Muslim act if they believe life is a test?

If everything is part of Allah's plan, then why do we have free will?

# What is the most important day of the year for YOU?

- Who do you celebrate it with?
- What normally happens on that day (where is it/when is it)?
- How does it make you feel?
- Why is it so important?



## Lailat al-Qadr (The Night of Power)

Lailat al Qadr, the Night of Power, marks the night in which the [Qur'an](#) was first revealed to the [Prophet Muhammad](#) by Allah through Angel Jibril. This took place in Mount Hira cave, which Muslims still visit to this day during Hajj.

Muslims regard this as the most important event in history, and the Qur'an says that this night is better than a thousand months and that on this night the [angels](#) descend to earth.

This is a time that Muslims spend in study and [prayer](#). Some will spend the whole night in prayer or in [reading](#) the Qur'an.

Lailat al Qadr is a good time to ask for forgiveness.

“Whoever establishes the prayers on the night of Qadr out of sincere faith and hoping to attain Allah's rewards (not to show off) then all his past sins will be forgiven.”

Lailat al Qadr takes place during [Ramadan](#). The date of 27 Ramadan for this day is a traditional date, as the Prophet Muhammad did not mention when the Night of Power would be, although it was suggested it was in the last 10 days of the month.

Because of this, many Muslims will treat the last 10 days of the month of Ramadan as a particularly good time for prayer and reading the Qur'an.

# Lailat al-Qadr Questions

4	Identify parts of the story.
5	Describe what happened in the story.
6	Explain why it is important to Muslims today.
7	Explain the impact that it might have on a Muslim's life today.

# Islam & Life After Death

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